Governments as a percentage of GNP from 0.93% in 1989-90 to 0.80% in 1995-96. However, in absolute terms the R&D expenditure has gone up substantially.

(c) and (d) Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR) is perhaps the first and the only organisation in India to formulate and publically announce its Intellectual Property Management Policy. CSIR laboratories are in the forefront of intellectual Property and Patents movement in the country and account for about 20—25% share of all the patents filed in India by Indians.

The laboratories monitor the performance of their licensees through Business Development Groups. CSIR have now set up a Customer Satisfaction Evaluation Cell to monitor the feed back from end users, perhaps a pioneering effort unmatched by any other Government Organisation.

(e) Does not arise.

Structural Engineering Centre CSIR

1365. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) the activities of the Structural Engineering Research Centre of CSIR in Chennai;

(b) whether it accepts projects from State Governments;

(c) the outside earning SERC, Chennai in the 1st three years; and

(d) if so, full details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH): (a) The Structural Engineering Research Centre (SERC), Chennai, a constituent laboratory of Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR) is engaged in carrying out Research and Development in Structural Engineering *inter alia* covering dynamics, experimental mechanics, fatigue, computer aided analysis & design, and software development of structures, optimal design of transmission line towers and wind Engineering inlcluding cyclone disaster mitigation.

(b) The SERC, Chennai accepts projects related to its areas of R&D from diverse customers including State Governments.

(c) and (d) External Cash Flow (ECF) receipts from contracted R&D. consultancy, and services rendered for the last three years were as follows:—

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Year	Sector			Total
	Govt. (Central & State)	PSU (Central & State)	Pvt. (Sources)	
1994-95	18	27	81	126
1995-96	27	36	118	181
1996-97	33	18	160	211

दिल्ली में भूकंप

1366. श्री राघवजी : क्या विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) वर्ष 1997 में दिल्ली में भूकंप के कितने झटके महसूस किए गए और इसके क्या कारण है,

(ख) इन झटकों से कितना नुकसान हुआ, और

(ग) भविष्य में भूकंप के ऐसे झटकों को रोकने के लिए क्या उपाय किए जा रहें हैं ?

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री तथा विद्युत मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री योगिन्दर कुमार भगतराम अलघ) : (क) पहली जनवरी से 23 जुलाई, 1997 के बीच माध्यम दर्जे के भूंकप के ऐसे कुल 14 झटके दर्ज किए गए जिसकी तीव्रता रिक्टर